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10/605,928	11/06/2003	Douglas A. Bulleit	030308/BLL-0105	2927
36192 7590 02/22/2008 CANTOR COLBURN LLP - BELLSOUTH 20 Church Street 22nd Floor Hartford, CT 06103			EXAMINER	
			SAINT CYR, JEAN D	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/605,928	BULLEIT ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•		2623				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Jean D. Saintcyr ears on the cover sheet with the					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D/ - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply to vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS accuse the application to become ABAND	TION. De timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 November 2007.						
	·					
	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 06 November 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 2015 in the content of the content o	are: a) \square accepted or b) \square obtoo drawing(s) be held in abeyance. tion is required if the drawing(s) in	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		mary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Response to Amendment

This action is in response to applicant's amendment filed on 11/29/2007.

Claims 1-19 are still pending in the present application. This is action is made FINAL.

Response to Arguments.

Applicant's arguments filed on 11/29/2007 have been fully considered, but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the controller and memory that Zhou et al (US. 20020144279) disclosed were located remotely from the consumer. Also, applicant argues that Zhou et al did not disclose "network elements executing grid application to provide distributed processing. Finally, Applicant argues that Kenner (US. 5956716) did not disclose anything about grid application or grid computing).

However, Zhou et al disclosed on fig.5, element 100, an integrated broker unit where customer interface is an internal block of the broker unit. As disclosed by Zhou et al, the broker unit 100 may be any person, group, business entity, or other having the capability to transmit only selected programming from the primary content provider and /or content providers to each of the plurality of customer. That statement really proves the broker unit can be located at a motel, hotel, apartment complex or other multi-family rental as disclosed by Zhou. The location of the broker unit depends on the capability of the customers. Customer interface 210 also forms a portion of brokering apparatus 200. The customer interface 210 provides customers 10 access to brokering apparatus 200, enabling customers 10 to build custom channels 90. The customer interface 210 is configured to provide a program guide to each customer 10 over transmission media 215, and is further configured to accept programming selections from customers 10 for the creation of custom channels 90. This is another reason that proves the customer interface is computer system by itself. The broker unit, as disclosed on fig.5, represents a network element that is capable to handle any kind of distributed processing. In the other hands, Kenner et al disclosed on fig.1, element 18, a local storage retrieval unit that represents a computer system that is capable of receiving command from a plurality of users terminals. Further, Kenner et al disclosed the local SRU 18 is the temporary storage location for

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video clips and for information downloaded from the extended and/or remote SRUs 26 and 38, for use at user terminal 14. As shown in FIG. 1, user terminal 14 and local SRU 18 may be combined as one computing system. In a preferred embodiment, the local SRU 18 is connected to one or more user terminals 14, each local SRU 18 being capable of supporting a large number of user terminals 14. For example, the local SRU 18 may comprise a file server for a local area network, with one or more integral or connected storage devices. In such an embodiment, each terminal 14 interacts with the local SRU 18 via a network connection, e.g. as a network node, using conventional network protocols and topologies. From that statement, we can conclude without any doubt that Kenner et al disclosed network elements that are capable of processing data. As a result, applicant's arguments are not persuasive.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 4,17,18,19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Zhou et al, US No. 20020144279.

Re claim 1, Zhou et al teach a content source (see fig.4, element 30, content provider); a plurality of consumer networks located at a plurality of consumer locations(,located in homes, businesses, or other locations,0001; that means plurality of locations), each consumer network (see fig.5, element 100, broker or any person) including a controller (see fig.5, element 320, controller; a controller is coupled to the various components of the brokering apparatus, lines 1-2,0033) and a consumer storage device (see fig.5, element 360, video storage media; element 350, database memory, database memory may be used to store customer data, lines4-5, 0032); a distribution network coupling said content source to said controller of said consumer

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networks(see fig.5, element 370, transmission apparatus), said distribution network including network storage devices(see fig.5, element 360, video storage media; video storage media may be used to record live television programming or other regularly scheduled programming, lines 7-9,0026) and network processors(A controller 220 is coupled to the various components of brokering apparatus 200 and is configured to control operation of the brokering apparatus 200. The controller 220 may comprise any suitable computer, CPU, processor, or other similar device, 0033); a grid computing platform(see fig.5, element 100, integrated broker unit) including said controllers, said network processors, said consumer storage devices and said network storage devices, said grid computing platform providing storage of said content across network storage devices and consumer storage devices and distribution of said content to one or more of said consumer networks(see fig.4, the controller may comprise any suitable computer, CPU, processor or other similar device, lines 3-5,0033) said controllers, said network processors, said consumer storage devices and said network storage devices executing grid application to provide distributed processing of content distribution tasks(see fig.2, elements 210, customer interface).

Re claim 3, Zhou et al disclose wherein: said grid computing platform encodes content prior to said distribution of said content to one said consumer networks (see fig.5, element 380, encryption device; encryption device encrypts the customs channel signal prior to transmission to customers, lines 3-4,0035).

Re claim 4, Zhou et disclose one of said consumer networks specifies a quality (premium" channels to be encrypted prior to transmission to subscribers., 0020; that means quality service) of service, delivery of said content being billed in response to said quality of service (quality of the programming, line 12, 0019; the customer pays to the primary provider a periodic subscription fee corresponding to the selected service level, 0020).

Re claim 17, Zhou et al disclose said distribution network includes at least one of DSL, cable and wireless networks (the transmission apparatus may comprise a cable distribution system, satellite, fiber, lines15-21, 0019).

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Re claim 18, Zhou et disclose said content is associated with a content profile and said consumer network is associated with a consumer profile, said content being distributed to said consumer network in response to said content profile and said consumer profile (a user access code may be assigned specified access level that denies access to certain types of program, lines 1-16, 0031; as well as other subscriber and/or billing information used by broker 100, 0032; that means users get access to the contents according to their profile).

Re claim 19, Zhou et said consumer network includes a device for displaying said content, said content being distributed to said consumer network in response to said content profile, said consumer profile and said device profile (a customer will have a television or other viewing device for receiving and viewing the television programming; a decryption device for decrypting any encrypted video signal, lines 1-5, 0020; that means users are able to view content according to their stored profile).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 2, 5-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhou et al in view of Kenner et al, US Patent No. 5956716.

Re claim 2, Zhou et al fail to disclose compresses content prior to said distribution of said content to one of said consumer networks.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose wherein said grid computing platform compresses content prior to said distribution of said content to one of said consumer networks (video boards and systems of this kind can employ compression protocols,

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such as "MPEG" 1 and 2, and motion "JPEG" to store and transmit video data in a highly compressed state, col.6, lines 7-11).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement wherein said grid computing platform compresses content prior to said distribution of said content to one of said consumer networks into the system of Zhou. With such modification, the storage capacity and transmission time needed to work with the video will be reduced and congestion will be limited in the system.

Re claim 5, Zhou et al fail to disclose said distribution of said content includes distributing content from a first consumer network to a second consumer network.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose said distribution of said content includes distributing content from a first consumer network to a second consumer network (video material stored locally can be requested and retrieved at a user's multimedia terminal, col.1, lines 9-11; see fig.1, element 14, user terminal and element 48, other users terminals; that means a consumer can video content from another consumer when that video content is stored locally).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement said distribution of said content includes distributing content from a first consumer network to a second consumer network into the system of Zhou. With such extra option, the time to access data in the system will be reduced and the bandwidth will be used for other transactions.

Re claim 6, Zhou et al fail to teach said distribution of said content includes delivering a first portion of said content from a first content source, delivering a second portion of said content from a second content source, and assembling said first portion and said second portion at a first consumer network.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al teach said distribution of said content includes delivering a first portion of said content from a first content source, delivering a second portion of said content from a second content source, and assembling said first portion and said second portion at a first consumer network. (see fig.4, the DSI can be loading segment concurrently

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from separate SRUs in preparation for download to the user terminal, col.32, lines 48-50; that means video content was collected from two different sources).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement said distribution of said content includes delivering a first portion of said content from a first content source, delivering a second portion of said content from a second content source, and assembling said first portion and said second portion at a first consumer network into the system of Zhou. With such modification, users will have the opportunity to select only a segment of a video clip or the entire version of a video clip because the video was stored at different location.

Re claim 7, Zhou et al fail to disclose said first content source is said network storage device and said second content source is a second consumer network.

In an analogous art, Kenner et teach said first content source is said network storage device and said second content source is a second consumer network (see fig.1, local SRU and Remote SRU; that means the remote SRU is a network device and the local SRU is storage of the consumer network).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement said first content source is said network storage device and said second content source is a second consumer network into the system of Zhou. With such modification, users will have opportunity to get access to video content by using two different of storage.

Re claim 8, Zhou et al fail to teach wherein said first portion is video and said second portion is video.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose wherein said first portion is video and said second portion is video (segmented clips are stored as stored separately accessible records, col.6, lines 33-34; that means both segments of the clip are video).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement wherein said first portion is video and said second portion is video into the system of Zhou. With such modification, users will have opportunity to combine two segments of video to get the full video.

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Re claim 9, Zhou et al fail to teach said first portion is even video frames and said second portion is odd video frames.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose said first portion is even video frames and said second portion is odd video frames (content provider can tie additional information to frames of a clip, col.32, lines 51-53; including predefined codes associated with a particular frames, col.33, lines 1-2; that means the predefined code could be even code or odd code associated to video frames).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious to implement even video frames and odd video frames into the system of Zhou. With such extra option, it will become easier for users to establish the difference between the first portion and the second portion of a video clip.

Re claim 10, Zhou et al fail to teach said distribution of said content includes delivering a first portion of said content prior to viewing said content and streaming a second portion of said content in real time when said content is viewed.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose said distribution of said content includes delivering a first portion of said content prior to viewing said content and streaming a second portion of said content in real time when said content is viewed (it is preferable the communication interface between DSI and local SRU be at least 56 KBAUD to support the "real time" video, col.18, lines 4-7).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement said distribution of said content includes delivering a first portion of said content prior to viewing said content and streaming a second portion of said content in real time when said content is viewed into the system of Zhou. Such modification will give opportunity to users to previously download the video part of clip and stream the audio part during the real schedule.

Re claim 11, Zhou et al fail to teach wherein said second portion of said content is audio.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose wherein said second portion of said content is audio (audio-only, col.35, line 3).

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In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement wherein said second portion of said content is audio into the system of Zhou. With such modification, users will have the opportunity to separate the video component from the audio component.

Re claim 12, Zhou et al fail to teach said second portion of said content is a component of a video signal.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al teach said second portion of said content is a component of a video signal (audio stream, col.32, line 11).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person in the art at that the invention was made to know that the audio part is composite of video signal.

Re claim 13, Zhou et al fail to disclose wherein said distribution of said content is performed in response to distribution network performance.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose wherein said distribution of said content is performed in response to distribution network performance (optimize performance, col.30, line 2).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement wherein said distribution of said content is performed in response to distribution network performance into the system of Zhou. With such modification, users will have the opportunity to get access to data faster and congestion in the bandwidth will reduce too.

Re claim 14, Zhou et al fail to teach wherein said distribution network performance is determined based on bandwidth to one of said consumer networks.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al teach wherein said distribution network performance is determined based on bandwidth to one of said consumer networks (to reduce bandwidth need, col.25, lines 41-48).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement wherein said distribution network performance is determined based on bandwidth to one of said consumer networks into

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the system of Zhou. With such modification, Users will have the opportunity to have quick access to data in the system whenever there is no congestion in the bandwidth.

Re claim 15, Zhou et al fail to teach wherein content is delivered prior to viewing or for real time viewing in response to said bandwidth to one of said consumer networks.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose wherein content is delivered prior to viewing or for real time viewing in response to said bandwidth to one of said consumer networks (real time video, col.18, lines 6-7).

In view of the teaching of Kenner, it would have obvious for any person of ordinary skill at that time the invention was made to implement wherein content is delivered prior to viewing or for real time viewing in response to said bandwidth to one of said consumer networks into the system of Zhou. With such modification, users will have the opportunity to have content delivered prior to viewing or for real time according to the state of the bandwidth of their system.

Re claim 16, Zhou et al fail to teach the number of active content delivery sessions to one of said consumer networks is determined based on said bandwidth.

In an analogous art, Kenner et al disclose the number of active content delivery sessions to one of said consumer networks is determined based on said bandwidth (to reduce bandwidth need, multiple requests for the same video can be queued by DSI for short period of time, col.25, lines 41-43).

In view of the teaching of the teaching of Kenner, it would have been obvious for any person of ordinary skill in the art at that time the invention was made to implement the number of active content delivery sessions to one of said consumer networks is determined based on said bandwidth. With such modification, users will have the opportunity to know that they will be able to receive more contents from the system whenever there is less congestion in the bandwidth.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean Duclos Saintcyr whose phone number is 571-270-3224. The examiner can normally reach on M-F 7:30-5:00 PM EST.If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are not successful, his supervisor, Brian Pendleton, can be reach on 571-272-7527. The fax number for the organization where the application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see httpp://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197(toll free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, dial 800-786-9199(IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Jean Duclos Saintcyr

02/7/2008

Supervisor Patent Examiner